# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID:	496885		
Product Name:	ZenaLube Red		
Revision Date:	Jan 25, 2023	Date Printed:	Jan 25, 2023
Version:	2.2	Supersedes Date:	Aug 27, 2020
Manufacturer's Name:	Zenex International		
Address:	One Zenex Circle Cleveland, OH, US, 44	146	
Emergency Phone:	1-800-535-5053		
Information Phone Numbe	r:(440)232-4155		
Product/Recommended Us	ses: Lubricant		

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification

Aerosols - Category 1

Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied Gas

Aspiration Hazard - Category 1

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2

Carcinogenicity - Category 1

Reproductive Toxicity - Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

# **Pictograms**



Signal Word

Danger

## Hazardous Statements - Physical

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

## Hazardous Statements - Health

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H350 May cause cancer.
- H361 Suspected of damaging fertility.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Precautionary Statements - General**

- P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102 Keep out of reach of children.
- P103 Read label before use.

#### **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

- P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
- P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, and face protection.
- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P260 Do not breathe mist, vapors or spray.

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

- P314 Get medical attention if you feel unwell.
- P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.
- P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
- P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
- P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

- P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
- P405 Store locked up.

P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

## **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS					
CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight			
0068476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	27% - 44%			
0008009-03-8	PETROLATUM	22% - 36%			
0000110-54-3	HEXANE	5% - 11%			
0064742-96-7	HEAVY ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA	5% - 11%			
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	4% - 8%			
0063148-62-9	SILICONE	0.1% - 2%			

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

# **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If exposed/feel unwell/concerned: Get medical attention.

#### **Eye Contact**

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air. Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for a duration of 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

## Ingestion

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, lie on your side, in the recovery position.

## Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

#### Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

## No data available.

## **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Do not direct a solid stream of water of foam into hot, burning pools this may result in frothing and increase fire intensity.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

No data available.

## **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Contents under pressure. Keep away from ignition sources and open flames. Exposure of containers to extreme heat and flames can cause them to rupture often with violent force. Product is highly flammable and forms explosive mixtures with air, oxygen, and all oxidizing agents. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along surfaces to remote ignition sources and flash back.

During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated during combustion or decomposition. High temperatures can cause sealed containers to rupture due to a build up of internal pressures. Cool with water.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material; therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes.

Container could potentially burst or be punctured upon mechanical impact, releasing flammable vapors.

## **Fire-Fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **Emergency Procedure**

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Do not walk through released material.

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment or is likely to occur.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

Wear liquid tight chemical protective clothing in combination with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

## **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

## Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Absorb liquids in vermiculite, dry sand, earth, or similar inert material and deposit in sealed containers for disposal.

# SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

## General

Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally.

## **Ventilation Requirements**

Use in a well-ventilated place.

## **Storage Room Requirements**

Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product label for additional information.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **Eye Protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### **Skin Protection**

Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

## **Respiratory Protection**

Avoid breathing vapors. In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

#### Appropriate Engineering Controls

Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)
ACETONE	2400	1000				1		250
HEAVY ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA	2000	500				1	[(L)]; [5 (I)];	(L)
HEXANE	1800	500				1		50
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	2000	500				1		

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
ACETONE			500	A4	URT & eye irr; CNS impair	A4; BEI	590	250
HEAVY ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA				[A2]; [A4];	URT irr	[A2]; [A4];		
HEXANE					CNS impair; peripheral neuropathy; eye irr	Skin; BEI	180	50

Petroleum				
gases, liquefied				
sweetened				

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ACETONE			
HEAVY ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA			
HEXANE			
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened			

(C) - Ceiling limit, (L) - Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as possible, A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, CNS - Central nervous system, impair - Impairment, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density Density VOC % VOC	5.73 lb/gal 2.69 lb/gal 47.0%
Appearance Odor Description	Red Petroleum

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## Stability

Stable under normal storage and handling conditions.

## **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, spark, flame, direct sunlight and incompatible materials.

Dropping containers may cause bursting.

## **Incompatible Materials**

Avoid strong oxidizers, reducers, acids, and alkalis.

## **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

Will not occur.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

No data available.

**SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

## **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Causes skin irritation

## Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Causes serious eye irritation .

# Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

#### **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No data available.

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Suspected of damaging fertility

## **Respiratory/Skin Sensitization**

No data available.

## Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No data available.

## **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Aspiration Hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

## **Acute Toxicity**

No data available.

## Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

## **Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous**

## 0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

## **Chronic Exposure**

#### 0000100-41-4 ETHYLBENZENE

CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been listed by IARC as Group 2B, Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans. TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Ethyl Benzene has been Classified as POSSIBLE for humans.

## 0000110-54-3 HEXANE

LC50 (male rat): 38500 ppm (4-hour exposure); cited as 77000 ppm (271040 mg/m3) (1-hour exposure) (15)

LC50 (rat): 48000 ppm (4-hour exposure) (16)

LC50 (rat): 73680 ppm (260480 mg/m3) (4-hour exposure) (n-hexane and isomers) (1,3)

LD50 (oral, 14-day old rat): 15840 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (oral, young rat): 32340 mg/kg (3)

LD50 (oral, adult rat): 28700 mg/kg (3,16)

**SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION** 

#### **Toxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## Persistence and Degradability

No data available.

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** 

## No data available.

## **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

## **Other Adverse Effects**

No data available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## Waste Disposal

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) Transport Information**

	IATA Information	IMDG Information	U.S. DOT Information
UN number:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols, flammable	Aerosols	Aerosols
Hazard class:	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packaging group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
Note / Special Provision:	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)	(LTD QTY)

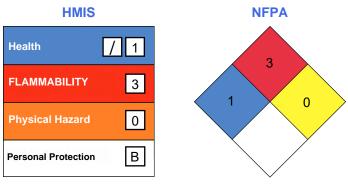
# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0068476-86-8 Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened		27% - 44%	SARA312, TSCA, OSHA
0008009-03-8	PETROLATUM	22% - 36%	SARA312, TSCA
0064742-96-7	HEAVY ALIPHATIC NAPHTHA	5% - 11%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
0000110-54-3 HEXANE		5% - 11%	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, California Proposition 65 Toxicity Male, OSHA
0000067-64-1	ACETONE	4% - 8%	CERCLA, SARA312, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA
0063148-62-9	SILICONE	0.1% - 2%	SARA312, TSCA
0001330-20-7	XYLENE	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, RCRA, ACGIH, OSHA,
0000100-41-4	ETHYLBENZENE	Trace	SARA313, CERCLA, HAPS, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, California Proposition 65 Cancer, OSHA

## **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

## Glossary

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.



(\*) - Chronic effects

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